“Read and discuss.”

These words might not appear groundbreaking or revolutionary, but they form the foundation for some of the oldest and most widely adopted humanities programs in the country. Group reading programs are popular and effective—they’ve operated in all fifty states, five territories, and the District of Columbia. They’re easy to adapt to new locations and circumstances, and they can be tailored to participants’ backgrounds and knowledge levels. They are inexpensive to facilitate and immensely durable—state councils have run reading groups in backwoods camps, while paddling canoes down a river, in the living room of a halfway house, and deep within the bowels of a medical history museum.

Reading programs serve all ages—from Missouri’s “Read from the Start” initiative, which encourages parents to foster a love of reading in their children, to Humanities Texas’s “Veterans’ Voices,” which spurs veterans, military families, and the public to read and reflect on combat, civic responsibility, and the return to civilian life. Reading programs are versatile and capable of addressing an incredible range of needs, like in Maine, where social workers, clergy, law enforcement, hospice workers and many others meet at Partners in Peace to read, discuss, and better their response to domestic violence and its effect on their community. These programs appeal to remarkably diverse groups as demonstrated by the kaleidoscope of people who have embraced them, including doctors, nurses, school children, veterans, native peoples, teachers, prisoners, and more.

To see what people are reading in your state, visit statehumanities.org.
Reading together fulfills a basic need and widespread desire that cuts across education, income, gender, and life experiences. People read to expand their world, to be imaginatively transported, and to gain pleasure and knowledge. People read together to learn about their peers and coworkers, build literacy, improve self-expression, and bolster communication skills. Reading together tightens social bonds and builds strong communities—it helps doctors learn about the lives of their patients, helps teenagers build confidence and contribute to their communities, and helps seniors forge friendships across generations. Reading and discussing may not appear revolutionary, but they have consistently produced revolutionary results, and their broad applicability and diverse benefits make a strong case for the value of reading together.

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